1.1 Promote education in sufficiency economy philosophy.
1.2 Promote knowledge and implementation of integrity, ethics and discipline in all sectors.
1.3 Deploy education as an anti-corruption tool.
1.4 Promote good conduct, honesty, integrity and zero-tolerance of corruption as common national values.

2.1 Increase anti-corruption PR.
2.2 Strengthen participation process by all sectors.
2.3 Strengthen network capacity.

3.1 Strengthen the working independence of the office of the National Anti-Corruption Commission and other independent anti-corruption agencies’ operations.
3.2 Establish anti-corruption mechanisms through the decentralization of authority for anti-corruption to the local level
3.3 Develop check and balance systems for authority
3.4 Strengthen the effectiveness of anti-corruption legislation
3.5 Strengthen asset scrutiny for holders of political office and civil servants, and the investigation of policy corruption.
3.6 Strengthen bribery resistance and promote honesty in private sectors.
3.7 Promote cooperation with international organizations.
3.8 Establish transparency indicators in Thai society.

4.1 Develop personal behaviour in accordance with code of conduct for anti-corruption personnel.
4.2 Set up standards for career path development and special remuneration.
4.3 Promote technical cooperation with international organizations.
4.4 Develop knowledge management organizations.
4.5 Develop an anti-corruption information technology center.
4.6 Develop standard training curricula for anti-corruption agencies.

Strategy 1:
Inculcate awareness, values, integrity, ethics, and discipline in all sectors.

Strategy 2:
Mobilize all sectors on anti-corruption.

Strategy 3:
Strengthen anti-corruption agencies.

Strategy 4:
Develop professional anti-corruption personnel.

National Anti-Corruption Strategy
Strategy 1: Inculcate awareness, values, integrity, ethics and discipline in all sectors.

1.1 Promote education in sufficiency economy philosophy.

1.2 Implement the sufficiency economy philosophy.

.1.1 Promote knowledge on lifestyles in accordance with the sufficiency economy philosophy.

.1.2 Implement the sufficiency economy philosophy.

.1 Promote education in sufficiency economy philosophy.

.2.1 Promote moral and ethical behaviour.

.2.2 Supervise and self-regulate moral and ethical conduct.

.2 Promote knowledge and implementation of integrity, ethics and discipline in all sectors.

.3.1 Establish curricula for anti-corruption studies and training.

.3.2 Train educators to be role models for integrity, ethics and discipline.

.3.3 Monitor and evaluate the development of integrity, ethics and discipline in the education system.

.3.4 Promote centers for the cultivation of knowledge on integrity, ethics and discipline.

.3 Deploy education as an anti-corruption tool.

.4 Promote good conduct, honesty, integrity and zero-tolerance of corruption as common national values.

.4.1 Inspire good, virtuous action.

.4.2 Carry out integrity and ethics campaigns and PR.
Strategy 2: Mobilize all sectors on anti-corruption.

2.1 Increase anti-corruption PR.
   - 2.1.1 Create a master plan for corruption prevention PR
   - 2.1.2 Promote social consciousness and code of conduct among the mass media.
   - 2.1.3 Collect data, information, research and academic papers on anti-corruption.
   - 2.1.4 Create and disseminate constructive anti-corruption PR.

2.2 Strengthen participation by all sectors.
   - 2.2.1 Establish the learning process.
   - 2.2.2 Develop multiple channels for simple and safe disclosure of corruption.
   - 2.2.3 Establish incentives for whistleblowers.

2.3 Strengthen network capacity.
   - 2.3.1 Support the management of the networks.
   - 2.3.2 Encourage the morale of the networks in all social sectors.
   - 2.3.3 Oversee, monitor and evaluate implementation by networks.
Strategy 3
Strengthen anti-corruption agencies.

3.1 Strengthen the working independence of the office of the National Anti-Corruption Commission and other independent anti-corruption agencies’ operations.
3.2 Establish anti-corruption mechanisms through the decentralization of authority for anti-corruption to the local level.
3.3 Develop check and balance systems for authority.
3.4 Strengthen the effectiveness of anti-corruption legislation.
3.5 Strengthen asset scrutiny for holders of political office and civil servants, and the investigation of policy corruption.
3.6 Strengthen bribery resistance and promote honesty in private sectors.
3.7 Promote cooperation with international organizations.
3.8 Establish transparency indicators in Thai society.

3.1.1 Improve personnel management.
3.1.2 Increase efficiency of budget management.
3.2.1 Promote cooperation between the office of the National Anti-Corruption Commission and law enforcement agencies.
3.2.2 Promote improvements in the anti-corruption organizational structure.
3.3.1 Promote the strengthening of the internal audit unit.
3.3.2 Promote the strengthening of the external audit unit.
3.3.3 Promote strict adherence to the National Anti-Corruption commission’s rule that commissioners are to be selected from a range of organizations, including the private sector.
3.4.1 Promote strict implementation of legislation on the power and authority of personnel.
3.4.2 Encourage the improvement of regulations in keeping with standard anti-corruption legislation.
3.4.3 Encourage strict law enforcement.
3.5.1 Promote efficient asset scrutiny.
3.5.2 Promote the use of modern IT systems in administration.
3.5.3 Promote measures on asset scrutiny.
3.6.1 Implement measures that result in suppression of bribe-taking.
3.6.2 Strengthen the investigation and prosecution process.
3.6.3 Encourage the establishment of corporate social responsibility (CSR) in the private sector.
3.7.1 Promote and support the participation of domestic anti-corruption agencies in international associations.
3.7.2 Promote cooperation on asset recovery.
3.7.3 Promote cooperation on extradition of offenders.
3.8.1 Establish benchmarks for transparency in Thai society.
3.8.2 Establish an agency to oversee work on the benchmarks.
3.8.3 Establish transparency indicators in Thai society.
3.8.4 Promote cooperation with international organizations.
3.8.5 Establish an agency to oversee work on the benchmarks.
4.1 Develop personal behaviour in accordance with code of conduct for anti-corruption personnel.

4.1.1 Promote the establishment of a standard professional code of conduct in all law enforcement agencies.
4.1.2 Promote the monitoring and evaluation of performance in accordance with the standards of the code of conduct by all law enforcement agencies.

4.2 Set up standards for career path development and special remuneration.

4.2.1 Encourage anti-corruption and law enforcement agencies to publish their human resource administration plans.
4.2.2 Encourage the independence of anti-corruption agencies’ human resource administration plans.
4.2.3 Encourage the establishment of a standard for the provision of special remuneration to personnel.

4.3 Promote technical cooperation with international organizations.

4.4 Develop knowledge management organizations.

4.5 Develop an anti-corruption information technology center.

4.5.1 Encourage the establishment of a central IT center.
4.5.2 Promote the development of a data-base.

4.6 Develop standard training curricula for anti-corruption agencies.

4.6.1 Encourage anti-corruption agencies to have standard training curricula.
4.6.2 Encourage anti-corruption agencies to set up internal training centers.
4.6.3 Provide budgetary support for such activities, as well as seek financial resources outside the government budget.